

ADDITIONAL STATE NEWS

NICHAN MARTIN IS HANGED FOR MURDER

Nichan Martin was hanged at 5:09 o'clock last Friday morning in the state penitentiary for the murder of Arthur de Steunder, Canadian soldier. He was the first white man to mount the scaffold and go to his death in Florence prison.

Witnesses of the execution declared that the condemned man was calm and showed no emotion at any time immediately preceding his execution. When he was taken, blind-folded, from the death cell, Martin walked up the iron stairs leading to the scaffold unaided, they said, and approached the scaffold without faltering.

Asked by Warden Thomas H. Rynning if he had anything to say "before he met his Maker," Martin hesitated a few seconds, then speaking in broken English, he responded in a low, clear voice:

"I'm the happiest man in the world. Best regards to everybody. Goodbye." As he concluded this last speech, the prison chaplain said goodbye to Martin and embraced him. The black cap then was adjusted and the trap sprung a moment later. About twenty minutes afterward Martin was pronounced dead by the prison doctor.

There were about thirty persons present at the execution, several of them from Phoenix.

Up until late last night efforts were made to save the life of Martin, who was twice sentenced to die on the scaffold.

Stephen H. Abbey, counsel for Martin, stated this morning that the application to the United States supreme court was filed in the name of Pinal county superior court and that it may be continued to clarify points at issue in the case.

Martin was 24 years old. Born in Armenia, he came to this country nine years ago and made his home at Chelsea, Mass., where he was employed in a leather goods factory. When drafted for service in the world war, he waived examination, thereby forfeiting right of intervention in his case by his native country.

Martin has one brother, a professor in a Constantinople college.

SIX TROOPS OF CAVALRY DEMOBILIZED AT FT. HAUCHUCA

Uncle Sam's cavalry has been "shot all to pieces" and Uncle Sam did it himself.

Every regiment in the service has been cut half in two and hereafter a regiment will consist of but six troops. At present a regiment consists of 12 troops and a machine gun troop.

The machine gun troops are mostly all transferred to machine gun battalions, to be stationed with the headquarters of a brigade.

Six troops in each regiment are ordered demobilized or transferred.

Under the new form of organization Troops D, H, I, K, L, and M, of the 10th Cavalry, and the machine gun troop, at Fort Huachuca, are demobilized.

HOW ARIZONA WILL BE BENEFITED BY PROPOSED BIG DAM

James B. Girard, of Arizona, has been granted a preliminary permit for the development of a 150,000 horsepower near the south of Diamond Creek, on the Colorado River, in Mohave county.

Jim has been interesting himself in the hydro-electric possibilities of the Grand Canyon for over 15 years.

He is an eminent engineer and held the position of territorial highway engineer just before Arizona became a state.

He has had a long experience in engineering projects and is one of the most capable men in his profession in the southwest.

Senator Ralph Cameron and James B. Girard are the pioneers in the movement to build power projects in the Grand Canyon.

When these projects are completed it will mean the dawning of a new day for Arizona. It will give us cheap power for the development of an industrial Arizona.

Arizona has more natural raw resources of a kind and more kinds of raw resources than any other state in the Union.

It leads all states in asbestos and copper. It has a very fine quality of long staple cotton, produces a large quantity of wool and hides. It has great lumber resources as well as large coal fields.

Rail facilities will be available to the Gulf of California allowing cheap transportation of our manufactured articles to the markets of the world.

Our climate is especially suited for the spinning of cotton and woolen fabrics.

It has been found that certain degrees of humidity are necessary to secure the best results. Arizona has an extremely dry climate, the humidity of which changes very little during the year. This creates an ideal condition for the application of artificial humidity in this industry. Artificial humidity can be regulated to an exact degree in Arizona.

In many of our eastern states where these fabric factories are located the variations of humidity in the atmosphere is so irregular as to prevent the possibility of its regulation.

It is said England enjoys its superiority in spinning and weaving because of its regular atmospheric humidity.

It is the Camerons and Girards of Arizona who are on the firing line of progress for our state. They are both home folks and are men of fine vision and have great courage and determination.

Already they have succeeded in attracting to the attention of the world the vast possibilities of the development of hydro-electric power in the Grand Canyon.

Their pioneering work accomplished under great opposition with their own capital is entitled to the greatest rewards.

Arizona can well be proud of such

men as Senator Ralph H. Cameron and Engineer James B. Girard.—Miami Silver Belt.

ARIZONA MAY HAVE A HARBOR OF ITS OWN

Indications are that a harbor will be constructed in the near future at Rocky Point, in the northwest portion of St. George's Bay, Gulf of California, about 100 miles north of Guaymas, Mexico, according to a report made to the foreign trade department of the San Francisco chamber of commerce by Bartley F. Yost, American consul at Guaymas.

A group of harbor experts, divers, underwriters and railroad construction engineers recently were sent to Rocky Point by the Tucson, Gila Bend & New Cornelia railroad to report on the feasibility of constructing a safe and convenient tidewater terminal at that place to serve as an outlet for the products of the copper mines of Arizona, according to Mr. Yost's report.

The consul was informed that the point had many advantages for a harbor, including deep water anchorage, a good beach, protection from storms and currents, and particularly its nearness to the places where minerals are produced in Arizona. Rocky Point, Mr. Yost reported, is only 105 miles from Ajo, to which point the railroad already is constructed.

High railroad freight rates on copper to the markets in the eastern part of the United States have induced Arizona copper producers to look for means of shipping by water, it is said.

ONLY ONE ARIZONA INCOME AS HIGH AS \$300,000, REVEALED

In 1919 no Arizonan had an income exceeding \$300,000 and only one resident had an income of that amount, according to the list of personal income tax returns filed with Collector Alfred Franklin, he announced. Another Arizonan filed on an income of between \$150,000 and \$200,000; two filed on incomes between \$100,000 and \$150,000; one on an income of between \$80,000 and \$90,000, and three on incomes of between \$70,000 and \$80,000. Five had incomes of between \$60,000 and \$70,000; six had incomes of between \$50,000 and \$60,000 and seven had incomes of between \$40,000 and \$50,000. Five hundred and forty-eight citizens of the state had incomes of between \$10,000 and \$40,000. In 1916, number of Arizona returns, 944; net income, \$11,777,241; total tax, \$1,518. In 1917, number of returns, 12,264; net income, \$39,635,508; total tax, \$1,019,262. In 1918, number of returns, 13,701; net income, \$41,579,450; total tax, \$1,724,116. In 1919, number of returns 20,495; net income, \$61,434,347; total tax, \$1,816,899.

INJUNCTION AGAINST STATE REFUSED DENVER TRUST CO.

The petition of the Bankers Trust company of Denver for a temporary restraining order to prevent the sale of state tax anticipation bonds was denied by Superior Judge Joseph S. Jencks at Phoenix, Saturday.

The company asked for an order to prevent the sale of \$1,000,000 worth of bonds bearing 6 per cent interest. The petition for the restraining order was filed in connection with a suit to compel the state loan commission to deliver to it \$1,500,000 worth of bonds bearing interest at 6½ per cent, in accordance with a contract signed by the Denver company and two other banking firms, with the commission. The attorney general said this contract violated the law authorizing the issuing of bonds and therefore was invalid.

The bonds were not sold, the state officials contending that they never had any intention of selling any additional bonds on this date, as alleged by the Bankers Trust company.

INDIAN BOYS RUN AWAY FROM INDIAN SCHOOL AT RIVERSIDE

H. D. O. Hammond, storekeeper on the Navajo Indian reservation for the United States government, left Thursday evening for Riverside, Calif., taking with him three young boys who had been sent to the Indian school at that place from the reservation. The three youngsters, who are about fifteen years of age, each, left that institution some time ago, running away. They walked the entire distance from Riverside to Keams Canyon, on the reservation. They evidently prefer the life of the Indian to that of going to school. Like most of the Indians who are given an education, as soon as they get it they return to the blanket and follow the wild life on the reservation in preference to that which we term "civilized," and one sometimes wonders if their selection is not the better of the two, if they prefer it. At any rate, the boys are being taken back to the school.—Holbrook Tribune.

FLANIGAN APPOINTED SUPREME JUSTICE

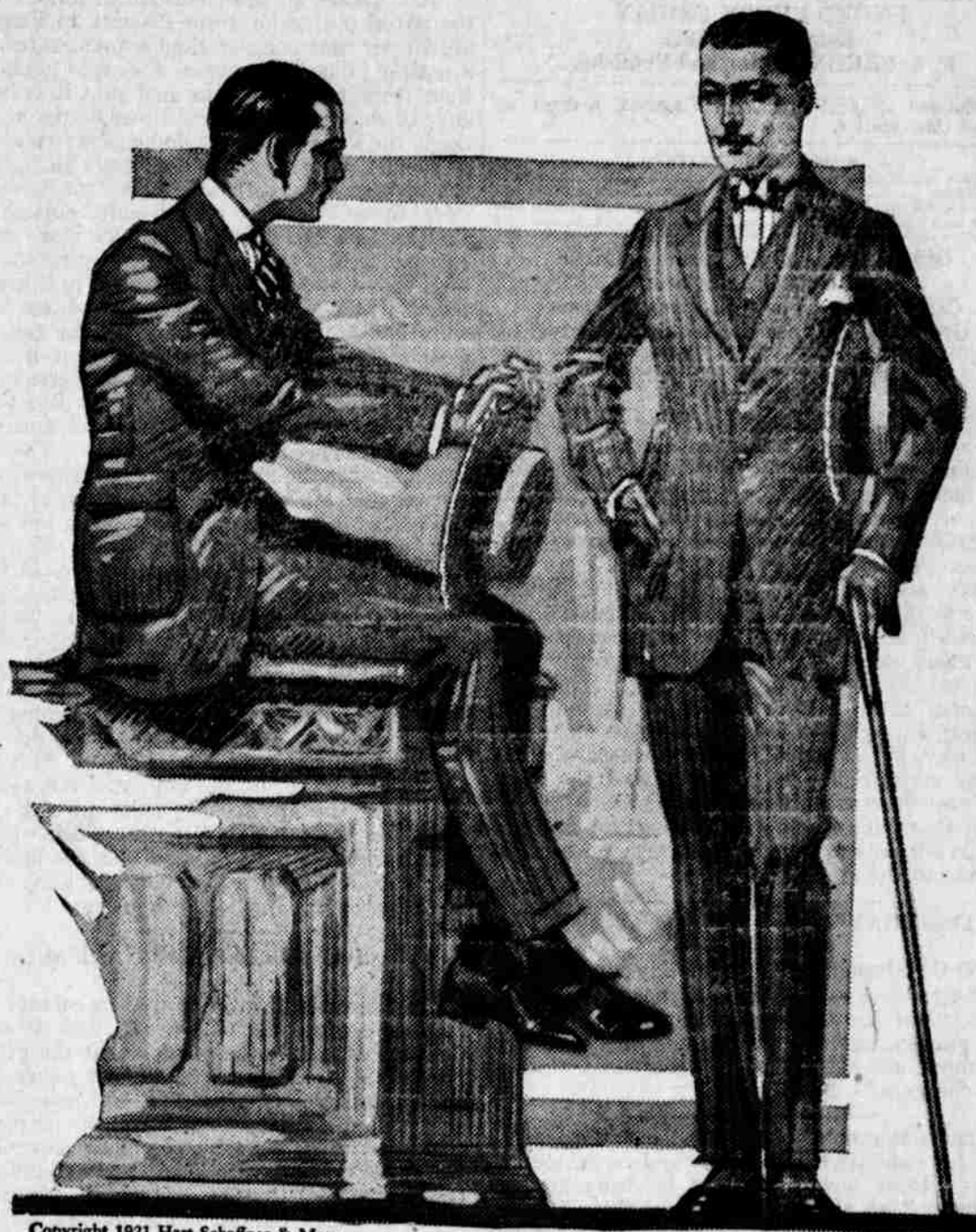
Announcement was made Friday of the appointment by Governor Campbell of Edward J. Flanigan, of Bisbee, to succeed the late Justice Albert C. Baker, of the Arizona supreme court. Judge Flanigan will step into office on October 1, under the agreement upon which he accepted the tendered appointment.

Judge Flanigan is at present residing in Bisbee but will move to Phoenix immediately after the date set for his taking office.

With the death of Judge Albert C. Baker, the name of Edward J. Flanigan instantly came to the minds of many people as he is recognized as one of the ablest attorneys in the state of Arizona. He is a staunch republican and was the nominee of his party last fall for the position which Judge McAllister now fills.

U. S. FUNDS FOR ARIZONA COTTON GROWERS

An agreement to advance \$1,200,000 to the Cotton Growers association of Arizona was announced by the war finance corporation. The funds are to aid in financing the domestic sales of the long staple cotton of the Salt River valley, the announcement said.



Copyright 1921 Hart Schaffner & Marx

Here's what we mean by bigger values this fall

Hart Schaffner & Marx
new fall styles specially
priced at

\$35.00

Others at \$40 and \$45
Satisfaction or money back

Sid Gabbman
MEN'S SHOP

The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes



The most precious thing in the world

Think what this world would be without confidence that the sun would rise tomorrow!

Without confidence in the order of things, in our fellow men, in our institutions, chaos would reign in the world. There would be no security, no progress, no happiness. Confidence is essential to all that is worth while.

Years of satisfactory experience with Red Crown gasoline have given the motoring public confidence in "Red Crown." They know that with "Red Crown" in the tank they have high-quality motor fuel, and that from it their engine will deliver its maximum power and mileage.

"Red Crown" is available at Standard Oil Service Stations, garages, and at other dealers.

Look for the Red Crown sign before you fill.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(California)

Copyright, 1921, by
Standard Oil Company
(California)



NORTHERN ARIZONA FAIR CALLED OFF; NO FUNDS

After serious consideration and due discussion, President Hedrick Aitken of the Northern Arizona State fair, Prescott, announced that this year's fair would be cancelled. This step was taken after endeavoring to have some authentic information at hand regarding the state appropriation. The state fair has been cancelled and it is not the policy of the state department to authorize the holding of fairs this year. Apache and Navajo county each voluntarily cancelled their fair.

WARNING LETTER TO OFFICERS OF PROPOSED MEXICAN RAID

A letter purporting to be a warning of the intention of Mexican bandits to raid five ranches on the Arizona-Sonora border east of Douglas, was received by Chief of Police Percy Bowden of Douglas.

The letter, written in Spanish, was dated and had been mailed in Douglas, Thursday. Sheriff Joe Hood and Bowden are investigating.

The ranches to be raided, the letter stated, were those owned by John Slaughter, Pete Johnson, John Howard, W. L. Hennessy and George Stephens. All are located from 15 to 20 miles east of Douglas.

POSTMASTERS MUST HELP TOURISTS, IS ORDER

Postmasters throughout the country will have to post themselves on the best trout streams in their vicinity, the location of golf clubs and other information of interest to tourists, according to a recent order by Postmaster General Hays. So successful has been the information bureau of the department at Washington that Postmaster General Hays contemplates extending the service. Either the local postmaster or some delegated employee would help tourists, according to the order.

FREE LAND FOR EX-SERVICE MEN

More than 200 farms on government reclaimed land will be opened to entry by ex-service men this month. Farms are located on the North Platte and Shoshone irrigation projects in Wyoming. The North Platte project opened for entry September 9 and the Shoshone project opens today. The Department of the Interior announces none but ex-service men will be permitted to make filings until 60 days after the opening. If at the end of 60 days, any land remains unclaimed others will be permitted to make filings.

Frank Bennett

Coal and Wood
MILL BLOCKS AND SLABS

Sand, Rock and Dirt
Hauled.

PHONE 3

READY for instant use
in oil cookstoves, oil
heaters or lamps.

Ask your dealer
for Pearl Oil—
clean - burning
and economical.



STANDARD OIL COMPANY